

LAS VEGAS DAILY GAZETTE.

VOL. 3.

SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 18, 1881.

NO. 64.

JEFFERS & KLATTENHOFF

Have Just Received Two Car-loads of

FURNITURE

The best ever brought to this market, which will be sold at Reduced Prices.

Queensware, Glassware, Chromos, Window Curtains

Agents for the CROWN SEWING MACHINE, the best in use.

GAS-FITTING AND PLUMBING

DONE TO ORDER.

South Side of Plaza, - - Las Vegas, N. M.

A. R. AREY

MANUFACTURER OF

All Kinds MATTRESSES All Kinds

Bed Springs of all Kinds, Pillows of all Kinds,
Window Curtains of all Kinds,
Wholesale and Retail.

East Las Vegas, - Opposite Browne & Manzanares.

Marcellino, Boffa & Perez,

Proprietors of the

NEW MUSIC STORE

PIANOS, ORGANS, HARPS, GUITARS, VIOLINS AND ALL KINDS OF MUSICAL
ON HAND AND FOR SALE.

Sheet Music & Stationery

—ALSO—

GROCERIES, FRUITS & CONFECTIONS

Headquarters for Choice Tobacco and Cigars.

New York Clothing House

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS!

In order to open up an ENTIRELY FRESH STOCK in Our New
Building on Centre Street.

Call In! We Mean It!

THEO. RUTENBECK,

WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER,

—DEALER IN—

GOLD AND SILVER FILIGREE JEWELRY.

WATCHES REPAIRED AND ENGRAVING A SPECIALTY.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

TOPEKA HOUSE,

Railroad Ave., Opposite Browne & Manzanares, Las Vegas:

This house has been newly opened and thoroughly renovated. Everything first class. Courteous attention guaranteed to all.

J. M. GARDNER, Prop'r

Warrants of the Several Counties in the Territory Bought and Sold.

C. R. BROWNING

EAST LAS VEGAS, N. M.

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REPRESENTS

The Oldest, the Largest, the Best Insurance Co's.

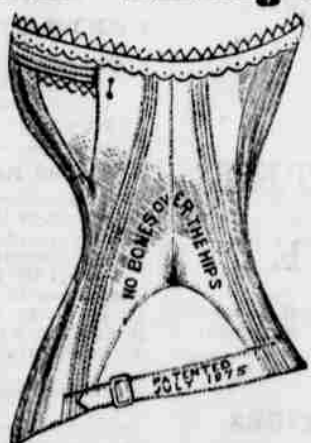
Organized.	Name of Company.	Location.	Assets.
1843	Mutual Life.	New York	\$1,735,786 02
1836	Liverpool, London and Globe.	London & Liverpool	31,665,194 05
1852	Home Fire Insurance Company.	New York	6,866,020 32
1759	London Assurance Corporation.	London.	15,886,111 16
1854	Phoenix.	Hartford	3,217,110 92
1858	Quebec.	Liverpool	4,221,257 08
1849	Springfield F. & M.	Springfield, Mass.	2,128,029 91
1861	Commercial Union.	London.	9,038,571 24
1794	Insurance Co. of North America.	Philadelphia.	7,805,588 19
1879	Lion.	London.	1,340,141 14
1825	Pennsylvania.	Philadelphia.	2,131,039 17
1875	Fire Insurance Association.	London.	1,531,782 01
1859	North British & Mercantile.	London.	9,254,529 21
1876	Hamburg-Magdeburg.	Hamburg, Germany.	887,863 14
			\$188,779,659 34

INSURANCE IS PROTECTION.

We Respectfully Beg Leave to Inform You that We Have a Full Line of

The Celebrated

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DUPLEX

CORSETS

In stock and trust you will call and inspect the assortment we have just opened.

M. Romero, Las Vegas, N. M.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

EXTREMELY CRITICAL!

In Early Morning There Was No Change in the President's Case.

But He Had a Severe Rigor at 11:10 Yesterday Morning.

And His Pulse Rose to One Hundred and Thirty-seven.

There is a Probability of More Chills to Follow.

And It Is Not Thought He Is Able to Survive Them.

The Usually Interesting Budget of European News.

The Tunisian War Becoming a Serious Affair to the French.

An Unusually Large Number of Criminal Transpirings.

The Criminal Record of Yesterday Replete with Horrors.

Deeds Enacted that Rival the Blackest of Human Acts.

Sergeant Mason, Who Attempted to Shoot Assassin Guiteau.

Delivers an Address to the American People.

Other Telegraphic Paragraphs of Interest to the Public.

The Wounded President.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

Elberon, Sept. 17.—9 a. m.—At the morning examination and dressing of the President, the temperature was 99.8, pulse 108 and respiration 21. The fluctuations of the pulse during this time not deviating from normal. He slept quite well, and took nourishment at proper intervals. His cough was not troublesome and the expectoration was moderate. The discharge from the wound is more healthy and the color of the granulation slightly improved.

Signed, D. W. BLISS, D. H. AGNEW.

Dr. Boynton says he feels better about the President's condition this morning than yesterday morning. He does not consider there is any marked improvement, however, excepting that the wound looks better.

The Cabinet is expected this evening. Defibrinated beef blood is being administered to the President by enemata. Arrangements are being made to have fresh blood brought here daily. The patient had two ounces last night and three this morning. Good results are expected from this treatment.

BULLETIN.

Dr. Bliss does not think there has been any marked change for the better in the President's case. The wound, however, looks better this morning, the pus being more healthy, and the character of suppuration from the parotid a trifle less than it has been. The lung trouble is not increased in area, and is considered to be in a better condition. His cough is less annoying and expectoration is not so exhaustive. A better day than yesterday is expected. Pulse now 106.

A QUIETER DAY LOOKED FOR.

New York, Sept. 17.—The Post's Long Branch special says: Dr. Boynton says there has been a slight subsidence of the aggravated symptoms of yesterday. He looks for a quieter day. The President's mind is rather clearer and brighter. Last night he was slightly and his pulse fluctuated as usual. There was some fever, but not as much as on some previous nights. Referring to the discharge of clotted blood from the wound, Dr. Boynton says it had no particular significance except it shows an unhealthy state of the wound, and is a characterization of bad pus. The lung trouble comes from a number of small abscesses rather than one large abscess. They begin with inflammation and culminate in suppuration, ultimately breaking down the tissues. Some of these small abscesses might have begun some time ago, and others may be forming now. He would not say there was any permanent improvement, as there was only a temporary amelioration of symptoms.

Assistant Secretary of State Hitt arrived last evening.

A RIGOR.

Elberon, Sept. 16.—The President had a rigor between 11 and 12 o'clock this morning, lasting about half an hour. His pulse ran up to 137, and at this hour, 12:45 p. m., his pulse is about 120.

EXTREMELY CRITICAL.

Elberon, 1 p. m.—The President had a rigor about 11 o'clock this morning. It lasted about 20 minutes, during which time his pulse ran up to 137. After the rigor passed off the President vomited considerably. The pulse at this hour has decreased to 120, temperature being 101, and respirations 24. The situation is decidedly critical, in as much as there is great probability that more chills will occur. It now transpires that there were indications

of rigor yesterday. The President also suffered from over-eating last night, being troubled with pains in his stomach. Boynton, in answer to inquiries, shortly after the rigor became known, said it was one of the many unfavorable symptoms which must be looked for at this stage of the case, at the same time repeating remarks made heretofore to the effect that.

EVERYTHING TERRIBLE follows the existence chronic pyemia. Great apprehension prevails.

Long Branch, Sept. 17.—1:30 p. m.—After the rigor passed off the President commenced perspiring freely. During the prevalence of the rigor the patient was delicious.

Elberon, Sept. 17.—2:30 p. m.—Up to this time no further rigors have occurred. The last information from the sick room was that the patient was more comfortable. The patient's pulse remains at 120, temperature and respiration still high. The occurrence of a rigor at this time is considered

AN EVIDENCE OF ACUTE PYEMIA, and great fears are entertained that other spells will follow. The situation at this hour may be briefly stated to be one of exhaustion and vitality.

The President overcame the rigors which occurred in July, and it is thought possible he has sufficient strength left to overcome the present crisis. The opinion prevails that the rigor was occasioned by a collection of pus in the track of the wound, but Dr. Boynton is of the opinion that it is the result of an abscess in the right lung.

Elberon, Sept. 17.—3:30 p. m.—The President has been sleeping almost continuously since the rigor passed off. He awoke a few minutes ago, and after being sponged off expressed himself as feeling better than before the chill occurred. His pulse is now 115. Dr. Agnew has just said that the President is doing as well as could be expected, under the circumstances, but there is no certainty that there will be no more chills.

GRAVE APPREHENSIONS.

Elberon, Sept. 17.—5:30 p. m.—The President's condition remains unchanged, and the attending surgeons admit that there is reason for grave apprehensions.

Elberon, Sept. 17.—8:30 p. m.—The President is now resting quietly. Indications point to a quiet night.

MACEYAGH TO LOWELL.

Elberon, Sept. 17.—The President had a severe chill this forenoon, lasting half an hour, followed by considerable fever and perspiration. Since then there has been a gradual decrease in pulse, temperature and respiration, and he has slept most of the time. There has been no gain in strength, nor any evidence of repair, and the situation is now probably more grave and critical than at any time heretofore.

Signed, MAC VEAUGH.

RESUME.

Long Branch, Sept. 17.—As the day progresses the President appeared to grow brighter, and about a quarter before eleven o'clock Bliss said his pulse was 102, with temperature not much above normal, and respiration 20. This report had scarcely been telegraphed before a messenger was seen approaching Dr. Bliss, and he at once hastened to Franklin cottage. The first intimation of another serious complication in the case was communicated by Col. Swain to Colby, who arrived here today, and from that gentleman it was ascertained that the President had been attacked with a severe chill. This announcement created great alarm, and although it was not generally known for some little time, anxiety became intense among those acquainted with the facts.

Dr. Boynton says there was an indication of the approach of a chill yesterday, but it was discovered in time to prevent it. If other chills occur it will not be surprising. MacVeagh, shortly after the rigor, said he fully appreciated the gravity of the situation, and that the rigor was one of the accompaniments of pyemia. It was not entirely unexpected and did not necessarily indicate immediate danger.

Secretaries Windom and Hunt and Postmaster General James arrived tonight. Secretary Lincoln will probably reach here to-morrow.

At 3 o'clock the President's pulse had fallen to 115. He had been sleeping almost continuously since the rigor passed off.

Dr. Boynton does not consider that the President has acute pyemia. He says it was one of the symptoms of chronic pyemia and, in his opinion, was the result of suppuration in his right lung, and was not due to the formation of a pus cavity.

St. Louis, Sept. 17.—Senator Vest has written to the Re-union of Ex-Confederates, to be held at Moberly on the 28th inst., congratulating them on their patriotism in war and peace. He thought the tears and sorrow of the South, at the shooting of Garfield, would remove the maniac suspicion entertained by the north, and is disappointed that such has not been the case. To illustrate, he quotes from Grant's recent utterances: Grant said that "pensions must be paid to none but Union soldiers," and Vest asks what drugs have so changed the speaker, since his words at Cairo and Bloomington, when he paid a tribute to present devotion to their country of those who wore the grey. Such language is an insinuation of the basest sort, for the ex-Confederates have neither asked for or thought of pensions.

Prosperous Future.

New York, Sept. 17.—Business in the general merchandise markets begin to show a decided increase, and in many departments there is considerable activity. As the rates of transportation were never so low, while the ability of the people to purchase and pay for necessities was perhaps never greater. The prospects for a very large distribution of merchandise this fall is very flattering. Wheat is more active, chiefly on speculation, and shippers doing but little.

Criminal Chapter.

UXORICIDE, FILICIDE AND MATRICIDE.

Rockland, Me., Sept. 17.—Charles Smith, a laborer, last night shot and killed his wife, infant son and mother-in-law, and attempted to kill Mrs. Metcalf, an old lady living in the house, but did not succeed. He surrendered himself.

HOMICIDE AND SUICIDE.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 17.—During a quarrel this afternoon Harry Forbes shot George W. Townsend, a well known marine diver through the neck and then shot himself in the head and fell dead. Townsend will probably die.

BAD BRASSFIELD BAGGED.

St. Louis, Sept. 17.—J. W. Brassfield, an escaped convict, was arrested for participation in the train robbery on the Chicago & Alton railroad. He claims he can prove an alibi. If he is innocent, he will serve an unexpired term for forgery.

A FLAGELLATING FEMALE.

Washington, Sept. 17.—Mrs. Boyd, who yesterday cowed a woman with whom her husband, Col. Boyd, was walking, says she wishes it understood that the woman's name is Mrs. Henrietta Sherwood, who has lived in shameless intimacy with Boyd, and that Boyd would not care for her remonstrances could prevent the publication of the name of the Sherwood.

A DEADWOOD SHOOTING.

Deadwood, Sept. 17.—M. A. Dittenhoefer shot four times and fatally wounded Charles Pasner to-day, in a quarrel over the ownership of property.

HORRIBLE FILICIDE AND TERRIBLE PUNISHMENT.

Dykes Mill, La., Sept. 17.—A negro woman named Jane Campbell, who lived near here, supporting herself and two children by washing and cotton-picking, the other day became angry with the children because they disobeyed her in some trivial matter. Taking a pine knot she beat out their brains. After the coroner's verdict a mob composed of blacks and whites gathered and seized Mrs. Campbell, tied her to a stake and despite her screams and cries for mercy, literally roasted her alive. The crime and punishment is without parallel in criminal statistics in this county.

Trans-Oceanic Cablegrams.

PARNELL EXPLAINS.

Dublin, Sept. 17.—Parnell's speech to the National League Convention yesterday, in which he said they proposed to test the act, not read it, was a surprise. It seems to have been made because he became aware that there was a considerable under-current of discontent against the fourth resolution, the extremists, fearing it would be interpreted as an acceptance of the land act. Parnell took elaborate pains to remove this impression.

UNSETTLED IRELAND.

The country continues very unsettled. A system of intimidation continues in force, and serious outrages on property are continually reported. There is a bitter feeling between the people and the police. One of the latter was set upon and murdered by a mob in Dublin Thursday night, when assisting in the arrest of a drunkard.

PLENTY OF PETER'S PENCE.

Rome, Sept. 17.—Since the disturbances here among the removal of the remains of Pius IX., the receipts of Peter's Pence amounted to nearly 1,500,000 livres, while from January to April, inclusive, it scarcely exceeded that sum.

SERIOUS FRANCO-TUNISIAN TROUBLES.

Paris, Sept. 17.—The public are becoming alive to the nature of the situation in Tunis. The seriousness, which is shown by the fact that the measure ordered in a circular of the chief staff, directing that the strength of all battalions to Africa be 600, is estimated to cost from 20 to 30 million francs. The Optimist semi-official telegrams are distrustful. Even the Republican journals are expressing distrust of Gen. Logerot's ability to grasp the situation. It is stated, beside, he is hampered by instructions from home. Correspondents state that the selection of the route for advance on Kairouan, via Zehagoun, has led the French into a rough and difficult country, where water is scarce, whereas they might have found a better route if they had advanced from the direction of Susa, because of the difficulty concerning water. General Subatier's column, which is advancing to the aid of Zehagoun, was unable to effect anything beyond an indecisive skirmish. The French loss was not heavy, and generally they have a nominal advantage, but have done nothing which will have any tendency to awe native resistance. General Carvad, whose forces were intended to co-operate with Subatier, was similarly unable to make any progress. French papers express fear that through general aimlessness operations may become a serious disaster, the thorough force being cut off in the interior. Meanwhile the state of Algeria is threatened. It is said a conspiracy to massacre Europeans was only narrowly frustrated by recent arrests of Algerian Cairds.

CORRECTIONS.

Paris, Sept. 17.—The report that France has proposed the establishment of an Anglo-French Military Commission in Egypt is incorrect.

There is a semi-officially stated report that France consented to treat the question of compensation for Spanish victims at Sadia separately, and is incorrect. On the contrary, all the rights of French sufferers by the Carlist and Cuban wars are formally received, and it was by a mutual concession. The two governments will be able to come to an understanding.

IN UNION IS STRENGTH.

The Irish National Convention, in a discussion on the resolution in regard to the sympathy of the farmers with the laborers, etc., all the speakers testified to a complete union established between the laborers and other parties of the League. Johnson, a founder and secretary of the Irish Laborers' League, was best known as a speaker. He said the laborers wanted to show the world that they could best forward their interests by joining hands.

'Sergeant Mason's Address.

Washington, Sept. 17.—Sergeant Mason, who made the imperfect shot at Guiteau, publishes a rambling address to the American people, confessing that the act was unsoldierly, but says Guiteau is a miserable wretch, deserving no consideration such as a man is entitled to. He says it would not be a murder to kill the cowardly assassin. Soldiers should not be required to guard a dog like Guiteau. They should not be kept out in bad weather, while the assassin was well housed and fed. He does not want to bear the brand of a would-be murderer for the sake of his poor wife and children. He only regrets he aimed so poorly. The address is mainly, not whining or sentimental, and he is ready for punishment.

Farewell to Simonton.

Philadelphia, Sept. 17.—The Ledger, noticing Simonton's retirement to-day, says: The newspaper proprietors and editors, whom he has served so long and well, see him go with regret, and say farewell in its full sense.

New York, Sept. 17.—The Tribune and other papers, in parting tributes to Gen. Simonton, who withdraws to-day from the general agency of the Associated Press, compliment the skill and fairness with which he has managed the business, and state that he only retires to give his whole time to recently enlarged business interests in Colorado and California.

Convening of the Mexican Congress.

City of Mexico, Sept. 10.—The President's speech at the opening of Congress yesterday, congratulates the nation on the peace and prosperity enjoyed. He says friendly relations exist with all foreign countries, and refers to the wounding of President Garfield as a deplorable misfortune.

Drowned.

San Francisco, Sept. 17.—A Portland dispatch says ten men employed in cutting trees and clearing the track of the new railroad line near Multnomah Falls, on the Columbia river, got into a boat last night to cross the river. The boat swamped and five of the occupants were drowned. Names not ascertained.

Either fame or notoriety was sufficient to qualify anybody for remunerative lecturing ten years ago; but the demand has steadily fallen off, and there are now very few speakers who can draw paying audiences in the lyceum field. The agents say that the business was overdone and thereby ruined.

For the Prevention of Smoke.

Washington, Sept. 17.—The Department of State has communication from the British Legation at Washington relative to the exhibition in London of apparatus of all kinds devised to prevent smoke. This exhibition will open Oct. 24th.

Schooner Swamped.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—News has been received here that the schooner D. R. VanHalken, corn-laden, for Buffalo, went down with all hands, off White Fish Bay, yesterday. No particulars received. The crew probably consisted of half a dozen persons.

Forest Fires.

Carthage, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Forest fires are spreading rapidly in this vicinity. Crops, stock and many buildings have burned. Twenty houses in Irish settlements were destroyed since Thursday night.

A Hotel Burned.

Carrollton, Mo., Sept. 17.—The Carroll House block, with the stores underneath, burned yesterday. The loss was \$75,000 to \$100,000; partially insured.

Fatal Railway Accident.

Elmira, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Two Erie freight trains collided near here to-day, and three men were killed, two mortally hurt, and the trains totally wrecked.

Telegraphic Briefs.

There was white frost in the vicinity of St. Louis.

The Jeffersonian Democracy of New York will meet in convention on the 1st of October.

There was a violent storm at Duluth, Wisconsin, yesterday, which somewhat damaged property.

The Michigan fire relief fund subscription, in New York, to date aggregated \$44,230.

A boat race lately rowed by two crews of girls described in the Cincinnati Enquirer as funny. "Now and then a fair rower 'caught a crab'—that is, in other than boating English, she didn't get the blade of her oar out of the water promptly at the conclusion of the stroke—then the handle end flew back to smack her in her dear little stomach, and she tumbled backward off her seat, while her light heels twinkled blithely, as if she were laughing at the gunwale of the boat."

A full line of cartridges, powder and shot, and anything in the ammunition line, always found at Rosenthal's, Railroad avenue.

Cheap Goods.

Margarito Romero, the merchant on the plaza who sells goods at such low rates, started for Chicago yesterday to buy a very great stock of merchandise to supply the wants of his customers. In order to make room for a large stock he offers to sell goods cheaper than the cheapest, for cash. Now is the time to get bargains in all classes of general merchandise.

Family Groceries.

A large stock, cheaper than the cheapest, just received at T. Romero & Son's.

I am selling the finest boots and shoes for less money than any merchant in the city. Also a full line of misses and children's shoes at N. L. Rosenthal, Railroad avenue.

Milk punch at Billy's.

5-141f

5-71f